

St. FRANCIS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, BEGUMPET, HYDERABAD-500016
(An Autonomous College Affiliated to Osmania University)
FACULTY OF SCIENCE- DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY
THEORY SYLLABUS CBCS-2024
SEMESTER -VI
ADVANCED INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

1. Course Description

Program: B.Sc.
Course Code: U24/CHE/DSE/601
Course: DSE 3
No. of Credits: 3

Max. Hours: 60 Hrs
Max. Marks: 100
Hours per week: 4 Hrs


2. Course Objectives

- To enable the students to understand the concepts of Coordination chemistry and its applications and Inorganic reaction mechanisms of metal complexes.
- The course aims at giving an overview on principles and types of pericyclic reactions, colloids and surface chemistry
- To understand the basic principles and to develop skills in interpretation of various spectra in elucidation of structure of simple molecules.

3. Course Outcomes

- CO1: Understand the concepts of Coordination Chemistry in elucidating the structures of complexes and apply in isomerism.
- CO2: Understand the reaction mechanisms in metal complexes with applications. Interpret the concepts and applications of HSAB.
- CO3: Understand and apply the principles of spectroscopy in solving the problems related to structural analysis of simple organic molecules.
- CO4: Elaborate on the concepts of synthetic organic chemistry. To help the students acquire knowledge on the basic principles of colloids and surface chemistry.


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4. Course Content

MODULE I: COORDINATION CHEMISTRY

15 Hrs

Werner's theory – postulates, experimental evidence. Sidgwick's theory – Calculation of EAN, limitations. Nomenclature of inorganic complex compounds.

Valence bond theory – postulates, geometries of coordination number 4 & 6- tetrahedral $[\text{Ni}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$, $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$ and $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$, square planar $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$, $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$, $[\text{PtCl}_4]^{2-}$. Octahedral complexes $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$, $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$, $[\text{FeF}_6]^{4-}$, $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$, $[\text{CoF}_6]^{3-}$. Limitations of VBT Crystal field theory – features, splitting of d-orbitals, in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes, Crystal field stabilization energy (calculation of CFSE for d^n configurations in octahedral complexes),

Magnetic properties of transition- metal complexes: Types of magnetic behaviour, spin only formula, calculation of magnetic moments using spin only formula.

Electronic spectra of metal complexes – d-d transitions, spectrochemical series, Electronic absorption spectrum of $[\text{Ti}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$. Determination of composition of complexes - Job's method and mole ratio method.

Thermodynamic and kinetic stability of transition metal complexes. Stability of metal complexes –step wise and overall stability constant and their relationship and chelate effect.

Isomerism in coordination compounds: structural: ionization, hydrate, linkage, co- ordination, coordination- position and polymerisation isomerism. Stereo isomerism – (a) geometrical isomerism in (i) square planar metal complexes of the type $[\text{MA}_2\text{B}_2]$, $[\text{MA}_2\text{BC}]$, $[\text{M}(\text{AB})_2]$, $[\text{MABCD}]$. (ii) Octahedral metal complexes of the type $[\text{MA}_4\text{B}_2]$, $[\text{M}(\text{AA})_2\text{B}_2]$, $[\text{MA}_3\text{B}_3]$ using suitable examples, (b) Optical isomerism in (i) Tetrahedral complexes $[\text{MABCD}]$, (ii) Octahedral complexes $[\text{M}(\text{AA})_2\text{B}_2]$, $[\text{M}(\text{AA})_3]$ using suitable examples.

Applications of coordination compound

Applications of coordination compounds a) in quantitative and qualitative analysis with suitable examples b) in medicine for removal of toxic metal ions and cancer therapy c) in industry as catalysts polymerization – Ziegler Natta catalyst d) water softening.

MODULE II: INORGANIC REACTION MECHANISM AND HSAB

15 Hrs

Inorganic Reaction Mechanism

Lability and inertness of complexes

Substitution Reactions – dissociation and association reactions, mechanism for SN^1 and SN^2 in octahedral and square planar complexes with one example each. Trans effect –theories and applications. Acid Hydrolysis (mechanism) and Base Hydrolysis (mechanism). Electron transfer reactions – outer sphere and inner sphere mechanism (brief account only) – two electron transfer reactions.

Hard and soft acids and bases

Classification, Pearson's concept of hardness and softness, application of HSAB principles, stability of complexes, predicting the feasibility of a reaction.

MODULE III: MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY -II

15 Hrs

NMR Spectroscopy

5 Hrs

Principles of nuclear magnetic resonance, number of signals, equivalent & non equivalent protons, position of signals-chemical shift. NMR splitting of signals, Spin-Spin coupling,

coupling constants. Application of NMR with suitable examples-Ethyl bromide, Ethanol, Acetaldehyde, 1,1,2-Tribromoethane, Ethylacetate, Toluene & Acetophenone.

Mass Spectrometry

5 Hrs

Basic principles – Nitrogen rule, Types of ions: Molecular ion / parent ion, fragment ions / daughter ions. Theory – formation of parent ions. Representation of mass spectrum. Identification of parent ion, (M+1), (M+2), base peaks (relative abundance 100%) Determination of molecular formula – Mass spectra of ethyl benzene, ethyl bromide, acetophenone, n-butylamine and 1- propanol.

Spectral interpretation

2 Hrs

Interpretation of IR, UV-Visible, H^1 -NMR and mass spectral data of the following compounds 1. Phenylacetylene 2. Acetophenone 3. Cinnamic Acid 4. para-nitro aniline.

Electron Spin Resonance

3 Hrs

Electron Spin Resonance (ESR) spectroscopy: Basic principle, hyperfine structure, ESR of simple radicals like H^\cdot , CH_3^\cdot and $CH_3CH_2^\cdot$.

MODULE IV: COLLOIDS, SURFACE CHEMISTRY & PERICYCLIC REACTIONS

15 Hrs

Colloids & Surface Chemistry

9 Hrs

Definition of colloids. Classification of colloids. Solids in liquids (sols): preparations and properties – Kinetic, Optical and Electrical stability of colloids. Protective action. Hardy–Schultz law, Gold number. Liquids in liquids (emulsions): Types of emulsions, preparation and emulsifier. Liquids in solids(gels): Classification, preparations and properties, General applications of colloids. Adsorption: Types of adsorption. Factors influencing adsorption. Freundlich adsorption isotherm. Langmuir theory of unilayer adsorption isotherm. Applications.

Photochemistry

6 Hrs

Interaction of radiation with matter, difference between thermal and photochemical process. Laws of photochemistry- Grothus Draper law, Stark Einstein law. Quantum yield, Problems based on quantum efficiency. photochemical combinations of Hydrogen- Chlorine & Hydrogen –Bromine. Jablonski diagram depicting various processes occurring in an excited state. Qualitative description of Fluorescence, phosphorescence, non-radiative process (internal conversion, intersystem crossing).

5. References

1. 30.Wahid.U.Malik, Tuli G.D and Madan R.D (1976) *Selected topics in Inorganic Chemistry*: S.Chand Publishers
2. Puri B.R, Sharma L.Rand Khalia K.C (2014) *Principles of Inorganic Chemistry*: Milestone publishers and Distributers.
3. Tuli G.D, Madan R.D, Basu S.K, Sathyaprakash. *Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Volume II*: S.Chand and company ltd (New Delhi ,India)
4. Sharma, Y.R. *Text Book of Complete Organic Chemistry*, 2nd Edn. Kalyani, 2007.
5. Jain, M.K. & Sharma, S.C. *Modern Organic Chemistry*, 4th Edn. Vishal, 2009.
6. Sharma Y.R (2005) *Elementary Organic Spectroscopy; Principles and Chemical applications* : S.Chand & Company Ltd
7. Puri, B.R., Sharma L.R., and Pathania, M.S. (2003). *Elements of Physical Chemistry*. Jalandhar, Delhi: Vishal Publishing Co.
8. Bahl, A., & Tuli. (2009). *Essentials of physical chemistry: A textbook for B. Sc. classes as per UGC model syllabus* (Rev. multicoloured.). New Delhi: S. Chand.

St. FRANCIS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, BEGUMPET, HYDERABAD-500016
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FACULTY OF SCIENCE- DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY
PRACTICAL SYLLABUS CBCS-2024

SEMESTER -VI

EXPERIMENTS IN PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY II AND INSTRUMENTATION

Program: B.Sc.

Course Code: U20/CHE/DSE/601/P

Course: DSE-3&4

No. of Credits : 1

Max. Hours: 30 Hrs

Max. Marks: 50

Hours per week: 3 Hrs

Course Objectives

- To equip the students with skills to determine various physical parameters using instrumentation methods and to synthesize complexes.

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Achieve the expertise in determining pH, conductivity, unknown concentration of solutions and rate constants of reactions.
- CO2: Acquire the ability to synthesize metal complexes.

Chemical Kinetics:

1. Catalytic Decomposition of Hydrogen Peroxide.
2. Acid catalyzed hydrolysis of methyl acetate.
3. Kinetic study of oxidation of I⁻ by K₂S₂O₈.

Colorimetry:

4. Determination of Dichromate and Permanganate in a mixture using Beer Lambert's Law.
5. Job's Method for the determination of ferric thiocyanate complex.

pH metry:

6. Titration of strong acid Vs strong base.
7. Determination of ionization constant of acetic acid by pH metric method.

Preparation of Complexes:

8. To prepare a complex of tetraammine copper II sulphate complex.
9. To prepare a complex of chloropentaamminecobalt III chloride.
10. To prepare a complex of hexammine nickel II chloride.

References

1. Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. *Senior Practical Physical Chemistry*, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
2. Svehla, G, *Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis*: Pearson Education, 2012.
3. Mendham, J, *Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis*: Pearson, 2009.

6. Syllabus Focus

a. Relevance to Local, Regional, National and Global Development Needs

Local /Regional/National /Global Development Needs	Relevance
Local	Knowledge of chemistry of complexes helps in everyday life
Regional	Learning the concepts of surface chemistry and pericyclic reactions changes their perspective towards various processes
National	Through Knowledge of spectral interpretation opens new horizons in skill development and employability
Global	A complete idea of complexes and spectral interpretation increases students inclination towards research

b. Components on Skill Development/Entrepreneurship Development/Employability

SD/ED/EMP	Syllabus Content	Description of Activity
SD	Module 1 synthesis of complexes	Some complexes are synthesized in the Lab. Many metal complexes are widely used in the pharmaceutical companies. This enhances their skill development and employability.
EMP		
SD	Module 3 Spectral interpretation	Students are taught the instrumentation of all the spectroscopic methods, they are taken to various research labs to show live instrumentation techniques. They are thoroughly trained in spectral interpretation by giving assignments.

7. Pedagogy


S. No.	Student Centric Methods Adopted	Type / Description of Activity
1.	Field trips	Students are taken to various institutes like IICT, HCU, IIT, ARCI etc
2.	Role play	Students are made to enact various concepts of chemistry
3.	Seminars/ workshops/ research projects	Students are allowed to participate in seminars and workshops organized in and


		outside the college. They are encouraged to take up research projects.
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8. Course Assessment Plan

a. Weightage of Marks in Continuous Internal Assessments and End Semester Examination

CO	Continuous Internal Assessments CIA - 50%	End Semester Examination-50%
CO1	CIA 1 written exam (10 M)	Written Exam
CO2	Skill Test 1 (10 M)	
CO3	CIA 1 written exam (10 M)	
CO4	Skill Test 2 (10 M)	


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b. Model Question Paper - End Semester Exam

St. FRANCIS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, BEGUMPET, HYDERABAD-500016

(An Autonomous College Affiliated to Osmania University)

Faculty of Science – Department of Chemistry

MODEL PAPER

B.SC. II YEAR SEMESTER -VI

ADVANCED CHEMISTRY

TIME: 2hrs

Course Code: U24/CHE/DSE/601

Max. Marks: 50

SECTION –A (Essay Questions)

I. Answer the following

4X10=40 Marks

1. a) Describe the structure of $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]$ using Valence bond theory. (CO1) L1 5M
b) Define optical isomerism? Draw and explain the optical isomerism in octahedral complexes. (CO1) L1 5M

OR

2. a) Summarise Werner's theory with examples. (CO1) L2 5M
b) Explain the Crystal field splitting in octahedral complexes. (CO1) L5 5M
3. Outline the mechanism of SN^1 in the octahedral and SN^2 in square planar complexes with one example each. (CO2) L2 10 M

OR

4. a) Define trans effect? Discuss the theories and applications of trans effect. (CO2) L2 5M
b) Distinguish labile and inert complexes? Explain with examples. (CO2) L4 5M
5. a) What is the chemical shift? Explain the change in position of signals with examples. (CO3) L1 5M
b) Elaborate about (M+1), (M+2) and base peaks with two examples in Mass spectrometry. (CO3) L6 5M

OR

6. a) Indicate the number of signals possible for $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-OH}$ and explain spin-spin splitting. (CO3) L6 5M
b) Explain the basic principles of ESR spectroscopy. (CO3) L5 5M
7. a) Classify the various types of colloids? (CO4) L5 5M
b) Deduce the expression for Langmuir adsorption isotherms. (CO4) L5 5M

OR

8. What are Fluorescence and Phosphorescence? Explain the phenomenon of fluorescence and phosphorescence using Jablonski diagram. 10M

SECTION – B (Short answer questions)

II. Answer any four questions.

4 X 5 = 20 Marks

9. Explain the Job's method of determination of composition of a complex. (L2)
10. What is EAN? Calculate the EAN for $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]$ and $[\text{FeF}_6]^{3-}$ (L1)
11. Describe the acid hydrolysis of octahedral complexes. (L2)
12. Define Hardy Schulze rule and Gold number. (L1)
13. Show how the molecular formula of a compound is determined based on its Mass spectrum? (L1)
14. Discuss the quantum yield for the photochemical combination of H_2 & Cl_2 to form HCl (L5)



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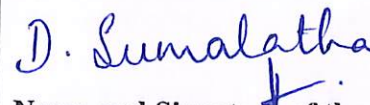

11. Describe the acid hydrolysis of octahedral complexes. (L2)
12. Define Hardy Schulze rule and Gold number. (L1)
13. Show how the molecular formula of a compound is determined based on its Mass spectrum? (L1)
14. List out the various types of NMR signals expected for 1,1,2-tribromoethane? What is the intensity ratio of the peaks? (L1)


c. Question Paper Blueprint

Modules	Hours Allotted in the Syllabus	Cos Addressed	Section A (No. of Questions)	Total Marks	Section B (No. of Questions)	Total Marks
1	15	1	2	10	2	20
2	15	2	2	10	1	15
3	15	3	2	10	2	20
4	15	4	2	10	1	15

9. CO-PO Mapping

CO	PO	Cognitive Level	Classroom sessions (Hrs)
1	2,5	Understanding	15
2	1,7	Applying & Analysing	15
3	2,7	Remembering	15
4	4	Creating & Evaluating	15

Prepared by	Checked & Verified by	Approved by
 Name and Signature of the teaching faculty Y. Lakshmi madhuri	 Name and Signature of the HoD Dr. D. Sumalatha	 Name and Signature of Principal Dr. Uma Joseph


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b. Model Question Paper - End Semester Exam**St. FRANCIS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, BEGUMPET, HYDERABAD-500016****(An Autonomous College Affiliated to Osmania University)****Faculty of Science – Department of Chemistry****B.SC. III YEAR SEMESTER -VI****ADVANCED CHEMISTRY****TIME: 2hrs****Course Code: U24/CHE/DSE/601****Max. Marks: 50****Credits: 4**

SECTION A - INTERNAL CHOICE			4 X 10 M = 40M	
Question Number	Question		CO	BTL
1	Module 1	(a) Describe the structure of $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]$ using Valence bond theory. 5M (b) Define optical isomerism? Draw and explain the optical isomerism in octahedral complexes. OR	CO1	Level 1
2	Module 1	(a) Summarise Werner's theory with examples. (b) Explain the Crystal field splitting in octahedral complexes.	CO1	Level I
3	Module 2	Outline the mechanism of SN^1 in the octahedral and SN^2 in square planar complexes with one example each. 10 M OR	CO2	Level 2
4	Module 2	(a) Define the trans effect? Discuss the theories and applications of trans effect. (L1) 5M (b) Distinguish labile and inert complexes? Explain with examples. (L4) 5M	CO2	Level 2
5	Module 3	(a) What is the chemical shift? Explain the change in position of signals with examples. 5M (b) Elaborate about (M+1), (M+2) and base peaks with two examples in Mass spectrometry 5M OR	CO3	Level 1
6	Module 3	(a) Develop the number of signals possible for $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-OH}$ and explain spin-spin splitting. 5M (b) Explain the basic principles of ESR spectroscopy.	CO3	Level 5 & 6
7	Module 4	(a) Classify the various types of colloids? 5M (b) Deduce the expression for Langmuir adsorption isotherms. 5M OR	CO4	Level 5
8	Module 4	What are Fluorescence and Phosphorescence? Explain the phenomenon of fluorescence and phosphorescence using Jablonski diagram.	CO4	Level 2

SECTION B – (Short answer questions)				
ANSWER ANY 4 OUT OF 6			4 X 5M = 20 M	
9	Module 1	9. Explain the Job's method of determination of composition of a complex.	CO1	Level 2
10	Module 2	10. What is EAN ? Calculate the EAN for $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]$ and $[\text{Fe}_6]^{3-}$	CO1	Level 1
11	Module 3	11. Describe the acid hydrolysis of octahedral complexes.	CO2	Level 2
12	Module 4	12. Define Hardy Schulze rule and Gold number	CO4	Level 1
13	Module 2	13. Show how the molecular formula of a compound is determined based on its Mass spectrum? (L1)	CO3	Level 1
14	Module 3	14. Discuss the quantum yield for the photochemical combination of H_2 & Cl_2 to form HCl	CO4	Level 5

SEMESTER – VI
ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT-THEORY

1. Course Description:

Programme: B.Sc.
Course Code: U24/MIC/DSE/601
Course Type: DSE
No. of credits: 4

Max. Hours: 60
Hours per week :4
Max. Marks: 100

2. Course Objectives:

- To learn about the entrepreneurial skills and how to mould to be successful entrepreneur.
- To acquire knowledge on sources for business ideas, project report preparation, marketing strategies

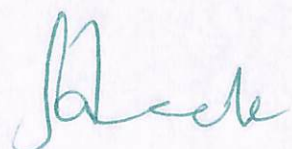
3. Course Outcomes:


CO1: Understand the Concept of entrepreneurship and to be successful entrepreneur. (LI),(LIV)

CO2: Generate, analyze and evaluate new business ideas and apply to initiate a startup (LIV)

CO3: Prepare and evaluate detailed project report. (LV)

CO4: Enhance creativity and mould them to become women entrepreneurs using the knowledge gained in life sciences to start synthesis of commercial products.
(LVI)


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4. Course Content:**MODULE I - ENTREPRENEUR AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP:** (15 Hrs)

Introduction, the Concept of Entrepreneur, Characteristics of an Entrepreneur, Distinction between an Entrepreneur and a Manager, Functions of an Entrepreneur. Types of Entrepreneur, Concept of Entrepreneurship. Nature and Characteristics of Entrepreneurship. Scope of Entrepreneurship. Factors affecting Entrepreneurial growth. Introduction to Motivation.

MODULE II - BUSINESS IDEA : (15 Hrs)


Introduction, New Business ideas. Sources of Business ideas, Preliminary research, Business Idea Evaluation, Case studies.

MODULE III - IDENTIFICATION OF BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES: (15 Hrs)

Market Survey; Introduction, Meaning and Definition of Project, Formulation of Detailed Project Report (DPR) and conceptual knowledge of process flow for registration and incorporation of a company and funding opportunities.

MODULE IV- SELECTION OF PRODUCT: (15 Hrs)

Criteria for selecting a product, Barriers to the successful development of new products. Choice of technology, plant and equipment. Financial assistance by various functional institutions to industries. Importance of small scale industries producers in setting up of small scale units. Women entrepreneurship Case studies : Mushroom, Cultivation, Vermicomposting, Biofertilizer production, Synthesis of Commercial products Business analysis.


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5. Resources:**Text books / Reference Books:**

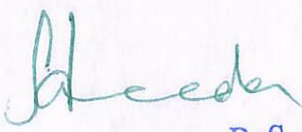
1. Entrepreneurship development –Rajeev Roy
2. Natural entrepreneurship network.
3. Project Management- Vasanth Desai
4. Management of small Business- Vasanth Desai
5. Entrepreneurship Development- S. Anil Kumar


6. Syllabus Focus**a) Relevance to Local, Regional, National and Global Development Needs**

Local/Regional/National /Global Development Needs	Relevance
Global needs	It holds Global needs as Synthesis of Commercial products can greatly benefit from entrepreneurship since it helps them connect with customers all over the world.

a. Components on Skill Development/Entrepreneurship Development/Employability

SD/ED/EMP	Syllabus Content	Description of Activity
ED	MODULE IV	To facilitate the learning process, the students would be given an opportunity to develop innovative product during practical sessions.


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7. Pedagogy:

S. No	Student Centric Methods Adopted	Type/Description of Activity
1	Field trips	Experiential learning
2	Practical presentations	Participative learning
3	Workshops	Participative learning
4	Case studies	Problem solving

8. Course Assessment Plan:**a) Weightage of Marks in Continuous Internal Assessments & End Semester Examination**

Cos	Continuous Internal Assessments- CIA (40%)	End Semester Examination (60%)
CO1	CIA-1	End Semester examination
CO2	CIA-1	
CO3	CIA-2 Product presentation	
CO4	CIA-2 Assignment/ Case studies	


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b) Question Paper Pattern:**ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT-THEORY**

Course Code: U24/MIC/DSE/601
Credits: 4


Max Marks: 60
Time: 2 Hrs


SECTION – A**I. Answer the following****4 x 10 = 40 M**

1. Describe the common characteristics of successful entrepreneurs.
OR
2. Analyze the different factors affecting entrepreneurial growth.
3. What ideas justify the new and different sources of Business ideas?
OR
4. How can you identify the major criteria by which business ideas can be evaluated explain in detail?
5. Evaluate the criteria for preparation of a detailed project report.
OR
6. Determine the advantages of incorporation of a company and funding opportunities for companies.
7. Estimate the barriers to new product development and challenges associated with creating a successful new product.
OR
8. Develop the important parameters to start a small scale industry and the advantages of it.

SECTION – B**II. Answer any FOUR****4x 5 = 20 M**

9. Define Entrepreneur.
10. What is Motivation?
11. List out Preliminary research.
12. How would you assess the importance of Project Report.
13. What is your opinion on Business analysis?
14. Compile the list of Funding agencies.


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SECTION A - INTERNAL CHOICE				4Q X 10 M = 40 M
Question Number	Module	Question	CO	BTL (Blooms Taxonomy Level)
1	Module 1	Describe the common characteristics of successful entrepreneurs.	CO 1	Level I
2	Module 1	Analyze the different factors affecting entrepreneurial growth.	CO 1	Level IV
3	Module 2	What ideas justify the new and different sources of Business ideas?	CO 2	Level , IV
4	Module 2	How can you identify the major criteria by which business ideas can be evaluated explain in detail?	CO 2	Level IV
5	Module 3	Evaluate the criteria for preparation of a detailed project report.	CO 3	Level V
6	Module 3	Determine the advantages of incorporation of a company and funding opportunities for companies.	CO 3	Level V
7	Module 4	Estimate the barriers to new product development and challenges associated with creating a successful new product?	CO 4	Level VI
8	Module 4	Develop the important parameters to start a small scale industry and the advantages of it.	CO 4	Level VI
SECTION B - ANSWER ANY 4 OUT OF 6 (To compulsorily have ONE question from each module)				4 Q X 5M = 20M
9	Module 1	Define Entrepreneur.	CO 1	Level I
10	Module 1	What is Motivation ?	CO 1	Level I
11	Module 2	List out Preliminary research	CO 2	Level IV
12	Module 3	How would you assess the importance of Project Report?	CO 3	Level V
13	Module 3	What is your opinion on Business analysis?	CO 3	Level V
14	Module 4	Compile the list of Funding agencies.	CO 4	Level VI

SEMESTER – IV

ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT- PRACTICAL

1. Course Description:

Course Code: U24/MIC/DSE/601/P

Course Type: DSE

No. of Credits: 1

Max. Hours: 30

Hours per week: 2

Max. Marks: 50

2. Course Objectives:

To motivate and develop entrepreneurial skills to initiate startups in life sciences.

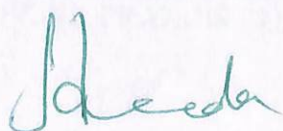
3. Course Outcomes:

CO1: Carryout Vermi composting and Biofertilizer production giving rise to initiate startup.

CO3: Production of dairy, semi processed fermented food products of commercial importance

List of Practicals

1. Mushroom Cultivation
2. Vermi composting
3. Biofertilizer production
4. Synthesis of enzymes, organic acids and Commercial products
5. Production of dairy products of commercial importance.
6. Production of semi processed Fermented food of commercial importance.
7. Four field visits to industrial production site.



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MODEL QUESTION PAPER – PRACTICAL

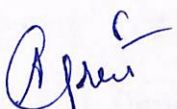

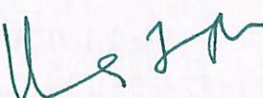
Course Code: U24/MIC/DSE/601/P

Max.Marks:50

No. of credits: 1

Time: 2Hrs

- I. **Major:** Prepare the culture medium for isolation of spawn and make the slants.
Write the protocol for Mushroom cultivation. 20 M
- II. **Minor:** Isolate and identify bacteria from the given semi processed Fermented food 10M
- III. Identify the given spots (A-E) and write few significant points 5 x 2 = 10 M
- IV Record 5 M
- V Viva 5 M

Prepared by Faculty	Checked & Verified by HoD	Approved by the Principal
 Dr. Arsheen Tabassum	 Dr. P. Roselin	 Dr. Uma Joseph

SEMESTER-VI
ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

1. Course Description**Programme: BSc****Course Code: U24/BIT/DSE/602****Course Type: DSE-IIB****No. of credits: 4****Max. Hours:60****Hours per week:4****Max. Marks: 100****2. Course Objectives**

- To facilitate the students to learn, understand, and acquire knowledge on bioremediation, treatment of industrial and municipal wastewater, protection, preservation, and restoration of clean and sustainable ecosystems.
- To emphasize on the importance of production of biofuels and environmental monitoring to tackle and address the contemporary environmental challenges.

3. Course Outcome

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1: Recall, interpret and gain knowledge in basics of environmental pollution and pollutants. **(REMEMBER, UNDERSTAND)**

CO 2: Outline the different types of fuels naturally available for human use and apply knowledge and skills gained to produce biofuels. **(UNDERSTAND, APPLY)**

CO 3: Determine the definition, classification, and uses of the types of pesticides and fertilizers and apply the information to produce biopesticides and biofertilizers. **(REMEMBER, UNDERSTAND, APPLY).**

CO 4: Evaluate the significance of different bioremediation methods and apply knowledge in the development of ecofriendly plants/organisms that can degrade pollutants in the environment. **(APPLY, EVALUATE)**

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4. Course content**MODULE - I: ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION****15Hrs**

- Introduction to Environment and pollution
- Types of pollution-air, water, and soil pollution
- Types of pollutants-inorganics, organic and biotic.
- Sources of pollution-domestic waste, agricultural waste, industrial effluents, and municipal waste
- Greenhouse gases, global warming, and climate change
- Measurement methods of environmental pollution-BOD and COD

MODULE II: BIOMASS AND BIOFUEL**15Hrs**

- Renewable and Non-renewable resources.
- Fossil fuels as energy source and their impact on environment.
- Biomass as source of energy (bioenergy)
- Types of biomass-plant, animal, and microbial biomass
- Production of biofuels: bioethanol and biodiesel
- Production of biohydrogen and biomethane

MODULE III: BIOFERTILIZERS AND BIOPESTICIDES**15Hrs**

- Chemical fertilizers and their impact on environment(eutrophication)
- Concepts of biofertilizers
- Types of biofertilizers-bacterial, fungal, and algal biofertilizers
- Pesticides and their impact on environment
- Concept of biopesticides, types of biopesticides
- Uses of biofertilizers and biopesticides

MODULE IV: BIOREMEDIATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTANTS**15Hrs**

- Waste water treatment-sewage and industrial effluents, aerobic and anaerobic methods.
- Bioremediation- concepts and types: in-situ, ex-situ, advantages, and disadvantages.
- Bioremediation of toxic metal ions: biosorption and bioaccumulation



- Composting of organic wastes
- Microbial remediation of pesticides and xenobiotic compounds
- Phytoremediation-concepts and applications

5. Reference books

1. Text Book of Biotechnology - By H.K. Das (Wiley Publications)
2. Biotechnology -By H.J. Rehm and G. Reed. VIH Publications, Germany
3. Biogas Technology - By b.T.Nijaguna
4. Biotechnology - By K.Trehan
5. Industrial Microbiology - By L.E. Casida
6. Food Microbiology - By M.R. Adams and M.O.Moss
7. Introduction to Biotechnology - By P.K.Gupta
8. Essentials of Biotechnology for Students - By Satya N.Das
9. Bioethics – Readings and Cases - By B.A. Brody and H. T. Engelhardt. Jr. (Pearson Education)
10. Biotechnology, IPRs and Biodiversity - By M.B. Rao and Manjula Guru (Pearson Education)
11. Bioprocess Engineering - By Shuler (Pearson Education)
12. Essentials of Biotechnology - By Irfan Ali Khan and Atiya Khanum (Ukaaz Publications)
13. Gene, Genomics and Genetic Engineering - By Irfan Ali Khan and Atiya Khanum(Ukaaz Publications)

Smita



6. Syllabus Focus**a) Relevance to Local, Regional, National and Global Development Needs**

Local /Regional/National /Global Development Needs	Relevance
National (Module 1,4)	This course is pivotal in aligning with governmental initiatives to combat pollution, conserve resources and promote sustainable development thus contributing to the country's environmental resilience.
Global (Module 2,3)	The course bears global significance, addressing pressing ecological concerns through innovative scientific methodologies, fostering international collaboration and knowledge exchange to tackle global challenges effectively.

b) Components on Skill Development/Entrepreneurship Development/Employability

SD/ED/EMP	Syllabus Content	Description of Activity
Skill development	Module 1	Seminar presentations, role plays, case studies, and scientific conversations to examine and pinpoint methods for developing competence in responding to environmental changes
Employability	Module 2,3,4	Acquiring practical experience in producing biofuels, biopesticides, and fertilizers through field visits to esteemed research laboratories and the acquisition of environmental management approaches.



7. Pedagogy

S. No	Student Centric Methods Adopted	Type / Description of Activity
1.	Participative Learning	Seminar
2.	Experiential Learning	Quiz
3.	Participative Learning	Group Discussion
4.	Experiential Learning	Field trip
5.	Experiential Learning	Art Projects
6.	Participative Learning	Presentation
7.	Experiential Learning	Internship opportunities
8.	Problem solving	Research projects
9.	Experiential Learning	Science Experiments

8. Course Assessment Plan

a. Weightage of Marks in Continuous Internal Assessments and End Semester Examination

CO	Continuous Internal Assessments - CIA (40%)	End Semester Examination - (60%)
CO1	CIA-1 Written exam	Written Exam
CO2	CIA-1 Written exam	
CO3	CIA-2 Quiz/ Presentations/ Assignment	
CO4	CIA-2 Case studies	



b. Question Paper Pattern

ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY.**MODEL QUESTION PAPER- THEORY****Course Code: U24/BIT/DSE/602****Credits: 4****Max. Marks: 60****Time: 2 Hrs****SECTION – A****I. Answer the following.****4 x 10 = 40 M**

1. How do you summarize the various types of pollutants?
OR
2. Describe the various methods to measure pollutants.
3. Compare in detail about renewable and non-renewable resources.
OR
4. What approach would you use to produce bioethanol.
5. How would you describe the process of Biofertilizer production.
OR
6. Outline the production of biopesticides.
7. How would you evaluate the process of bioremediation for cleaner environment.
OR
8. What approach would you use in wastewater treatment.

SECTION –B**II. Answer any FOUR out of the following:****4 x 5 = 20M**

9. Explain about global warming.
10. Outline the production of biohydrogen.
11. How do you explain eutrophication?
12. How would you assess the importance of phytoremediation.
13. Outline the process of composting of organic wastes.
14. How do you make use of biomass as a source of energy?



ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY
SEMESTER-END MODEL QUESTION PAPER

SECTION A - INTERNAL CHOICE 4 Q X 10 M = 40 M				
Question Number	Question	Question	CO	BTL(Blooms Taxonomy Level)
1	Module 1	How do you summarise the various types of pollutants?	CO 1	II
2	Module 1	Describe the various methods to measure pollutants.	CO 1	I
3	Module 2	Compare in detail about renewable and non-renewable resources	CO 2	II
4	Module 2	What approach would you use to produce bioethanol	CO 2	III
5	Module 3	How would you describe the process of Biofertilizer production	CO 3	I
6	Module 3	Outline the production of Biopesticides	CO 3	II
7	Module 4	How would you evaluate the process of bioremediation for cleaner environment	CO 4	V
8	Module 4	What approach would you use in wastewater treatment?	CO 4	III

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SECTION B - ANSWER ANY 4 OUT OF 6**4 Q X 5 M = 20 M**(To compulsorily have **ONE** question from **each** module)

9	Module 1	Explain about global warming	CO 1	II
10	Module 2	Outline the production of biohydrogen	CO 2	I
11	Module 3	How do you explain eutrophication?	CO 3	II
12	Module 4	How would you assess the importance of phytoremediation	CO 4	V
13	Any Module	Outline the process of composting of organic wastes	CO 1	II
14	Any Module	How do you make use of biomass as a source of energy	CO 4	III




SEMESTER – VI**ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY – PRACTICAL****1. Course Description****Programme: BSc****Course Code: U24/BIT/DSE/602/P****Course Type: DSE-IIB****No. of credits: 1****Max. Hours:30****Hours per week: 2****Max. Marks: 50****2. Course Objective:**

- To cultivate practical competencies in bioremediation techniques, biofuel and biofertilizer production, microbial analysis, waste management, estimation of pollutants in samples and environmental monitoring.
- To facilitate the students, gain hands-on experience in applying biotechnological approaches to address environmental issues preparing them for careers in environmental science and related fields.

3. Course outcomes:

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO-1 Recall and apply basic knowledge and skills in estimation of BOD, COD, and TDS in water samples. (**REMEMBER, APPLY**)

CO-2 Identify and apply basic skills in production of biofuels and biofertilizers. (**APPLY**)

CO-3 Examine, identify, and isolate the microorganisms from polluted soil/Industrial effluents and analyse bioremediation by microorganisms. (**APPLY, ANALYSE**)



PRACTICAL SESSIONS

1. Estimation of BOD in polluted water samples.
2. Estimation of COD in polluted water samples.
3. Estimation of Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) in waste water samples.
4. Determination of quality of water sample (Coliform test)
5. Isolation of microorganisms from pollutes soil/Industrial effluents.
6. Production of hydrogen or biogas.
7. Identification and characterization of Bioremediation microorganisms.
8. Production of microbial biofertilizers.

Spotters:

1. Air/Water pollution.
2. Municipal wastes.
3. Industrial effluents.
4. Algal bloom.
5. Greenhouse effect.
6. Plant biomass.
7. Water waste treatment plan.
8. Organic composting.
9. Biogas plant.
10. Xenobiotic degrading bacteria.
11. Phytoremediation.
12. Microbial biofertilizers.



SEMESTER-VI
ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY-PRACTICAL

Course Code: U24/BIT/DSE/602/P
Credits: 1

Max. Marks: 50
Time: 2 Hrs

I. MAJOR: (20M)

Perform an experiment to determine the quality of a given water sample. Discuss the principle and procedure of the experiment. Calculate and report the results.

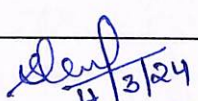
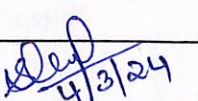

II. MINOR: (10M)

Estimate total dissolved solids from the water sample provided. Write the principle and procedure. Perform the calculations and report the result.

III. IDENTIFY THE GIVEN SPOTTERS: (10M)

IV. VIVA (5M)

V. RECORD (5M)

Prepared by	Checked & verified by	Approved by
 4/3/24 (Ms. Shouni Niveditha) Name and Signature of the teaching faculty	 4/3/24 (Ms. Shouni Niveditha) Name and Signature of HoD	 Name and Signature of Principal



St. FRANCIS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, BEGUMPET, HYDERABAD-500016
(An Autonomous College Affiliated To Osmania University)
FACULTY OF SCIENCE- DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY
PRACTICAL SYLLABUS CBCS-2024

SEMESTER -VI

EXPERIMENTS IN PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY II AND INSTRUMENTATION

Program: B.Sc.

Course Code: U20/CHE/DSE/601/P

Course: DSE-3&4

No. of Credits : 1

Max. Hours: 30 Hrs

Max. Marks: 50

Hours per week: 3 Hrs

Course Objectives

- To equip the students with skills to determine various physical parameters using instrumentation methods and to synthesize complexes.

Course Outcomes

CO1: Achieve the expertise in determining pH, conductivity, unknown concentration of solutions and rate constants of reactions.

CO2: Acquire the ability to synthesize metal complexes.

Chemical Kinetics:

- Catalytic Decomposition of Hydrogen Peroxide.
- Acid catalyzed hydrolysis of methyl acetate.
- Kinetic study of oxidation of I^- by $K_2S_2O_8$.

Colorimetry:

- Determination of Dichromate and Permanganate in a mixture using Beer Lambert's Law.
- Job's Method for the determination of ferric thiocyanate complex.

pH metry:

- Titration of strong acid Vs strong base.
- Determination of ionization constant of acetic acid by pH metric method.

Preparation of Complexes:

- To prepare a complex of tetraammine copper II sulphate complex.
- To prepare a complex of chloropentaamminecobalt III chloride.
- To prepare a complex of hexammine nickel II chloride.

References

- Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. *Senior Practical Physical Chemistry*, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
- Svehla, G, *Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis*: Pearson Education, 2012.
- Mendham, J, *Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis*: Pearson, 2009.

6. Syllabus Focus

a. Relevance to Local, Regional, National and Global Development Needs

Local /Regional/National /Global Development Needs	Relevance
Local	Knowledge of chemistry of complexes helps in everyday life
Regional	Learning the concepts of surface chemistry and pericyclic reactions changes their perspective towards various processes
National	Through Knowledge of spectral interpretation opens new horizons in skill development and employability
Global	A complete idea of complexes and spectral interpretation increases students inclination towards research

b. Components on Skill Development/Entrepreneurship Development/Employability

SD/ED/EMP	Syllabus Content	Description of Activity
SD	Module 1 synthesis of complexes	Some complexes are synthesized in the Lab. Many metal complexes are widely used in the pharmaceutical companies. This enhances their skill development and employability.
EMP		
SD	Module 3 Spectral interpretation	Students are taught the instrumentation of all the spectroscopic methods, they are taken to various research labs to show live instrumentation techniques. They are thoroughly trained in spectral interpretation by giving assignments.

7. Pedagogy

S. No.	Student Centric Methods Adopted	Type / Description of Activity
1.	Field trips	Students are taken to various institutes like ICT, HCU, IIT, ARCI etc
2.	Role play	Students are made to enact various concepts of chemistry
3.	Seminars/ workshops/ research projects	Students are allowed to participate in seminars and workshops organized in and

		outside the college. They are encouraged to take up research projects.
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8. Course Assessment Plan

a. Weightage of Marks in Continuous Internal Assessments and End Semester Examination

CO	Continuous Internal Assessments CIA - 50%	End Semester Examination-50%
CO1	CIA 1 written exam (10 M)	Written Exam
CO2	Skill Test 1 (10 M)	
CO3	CIA 1 written exam (10 M)	
CO4	Skill Test 2 (10 M)	


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b. Model Question Paper - End Semester Exam**St. FRANCIS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, BEGUMPET, HYDERABAD-500016****(An Autonomous College Affiliated to Osmania University)****Faculty of Science – Department of Chemistry****MODEL PAPER****B.SC. II YEAR SEMESTER -VI****ADVANCED CHEMISTRY****TIME: 2hrs****Course Code: U24/CHE/DSE/601****Max. Marks: 50****SECTION –A (Essay Questions)****I. Answer the following****4X10=40 Marks**

1. a) Describe the structure of $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]$ using Valence bond theory. (CO1) L1 5M
- b) Define optical isomerism? Draw and explain the optical isomerism in octahedral complexes. (CO1) L1 5M

OR

2. a) Summarise Werner's theory with examples. (CO1) L2 5M
- b) Explain the Crystal field splitting in octahedral complexes. (CO1) L5 5M
3. Outline the mechanism of SN^1 in the octahedral and SN^2 in square planar complexes with one example each. (CO2) L2 10 M

OR

4. a) Define trans effect? Discuss the theories and applications of trans effect. (CO2) L2 5M
- b) Distinguish labile and inert complexes? Explain with examples. (CO2) L4 5M
5. a) What is the chemical shift? Explain the change in position of signals with examples. (CO3) L1 5M
- b) Elaborate about (M+1), (M+2) and base peaks with two examples in Mass spectrometry. (CO3) L6 5M

OR

6. a) Indicate the number of signals possible for $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-OH}$ and explain spin-spin splitting. (CO3) L6 5M
- b) Explain the basic principles of ESR spectroscopy. (CO3) L5 5M
7. a) Classify the various types of colloids? (CO4) L5 5M
- b) Deduce the expression for Langmuir adsorption isotherms. (CO4) L5 5M

OR

8. What are Fluorescence and Phosphorescence ? Explain the phenomenon of fluorescence and phosphorescence using Jablonski diagram. 10M

SECTION – B (Short answer questions)**II. Answer any four questions.****4 X 5 = 20 Marks**

9. Explain the Job's method of determination of composition of a complex. (L2)
10. What is EAN? Calculate the EAN for $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]$ and $[\text{FeF}_6]^{3-}$ (L1)
11. Describe the acid hydrolysis of octahedral complexes. (L2)
12. Define Hardy Schulze rule and Gold number. (L1)
13. Show how the molecular formula of a compound is determined based on its Mass spectrum? (L1)
14. Discuss the quantum yield for the photochemical combination of H_2 & Cl_2 to form HCl (L5)

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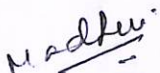


11. Describe the acid hydrolysis of octahedral complexes. (L2)
12. Define Hardy Schulze rule and Gold number. (L1)
13. Show how the molecular formula of a compound is determined based on its Mass spectrum? (L1)
14. List out the various types of NMR signals expected for 1,1,2-tribromoethane? What is the intensity ratio of the peaks? (L1)


c. Question Paper Blueprint

Modules	Hours Allotted in the Syllabus	Cos Addressed	Section A (No. of Questions)	Total Marks	Section B (No. of Questions)	Total Marks
1	15	1	2	10	2	20
2	15	2	2	10	1	15
3	15	3	2	10	2	20
4	15	4	2	10	1	15

9. CO-PO Mapping

CO	PO	Cognitive Level	Classroom sessions (Hrs)
1	2,5	Understanding	15
2	1,7	Applying & Analysing	15
3	2,7	Remembering	15
4	4	Creating & Evaluating	15

Prepared by	Checked & Verified by	Approved by
 Name and Signature of the teaching faculty Y. Lakshmi madhuri	 Name and Signature of the HoD Dr. D. Sumalatha	 Name and Signature of Principal Dr. Uma Joseph


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b. Model Question Paper - End Semester Exam**St. FRANCIS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, BEGUMPET, HYDERABAD-500016****(An Autonomous College Affiliated to Osmania University)****Faculty of Science – Department of Chemistry****B.SC. III YEAR SEMESTER -VI****ADVANCED CHEMISTRY****TIME: 2hrs****Course Code: U24/CHE/DSE/601****Max. Marks: 50****Credits: 4**

SECTION A - INTERNAL CHOICE			4 X 10 M = 40M	
Question Number	Question		CO	BTL
1	Module 1	(a) Describe the structure of $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]$ using Valence bond theory. 5M (b) Define optical isomerism? Draw and explain the optical isomerism in octahedral complexes. OR	CO1	Level 1
2	Module 1	(a) Summarise Werner's theory with examples. (b) Explain the Crystal field splitting in octahedral complexes.	CO1	Level I
3	Module 2	Outline the mechanism of SN^1 in the octahedral and SN^2 in square planar complexes with one example each. 10 M OR	CO2	Level 2
4	Module 2	(a) Define the trans effect? Discuss the theories and applications of trans effect. (L1) 5M (b) Distinguish labile and inert complexes? Explain with examples. (L4) 5M	CO2	Level 2
5	Module 3	(a) What is the chemical shift? Explain the change in position of signals with examples. 5M (b) Elaborate about (M+1), (M+2) and base peaks with two examples in Mass spectrometry 5M OR	CO3	Level 1
6	Module 3	(a) Develop the number of signals possible for $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-OH}$ and explain spin-spin splitting. 5M (b) Explain the basic principles of ESR spectroscopy.	CO3	Level 5 & 6
7	Module 4	(a) Classify the various types of colloids? 5M (b) Deduce the expression for Langmuir adsorption isotherms. 5M OR	CO4	Level 5
8	Module 4	What are Fluorescence and Phosphorescence? Explain the phenomenon of fluorescence and phosphorescence using Jablonski diagram.	CO4	Level 2

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SECTION B – (Short answer questions)				
ANSWER ANY 4 OUT OF 6			4 X 5M = 20 M	
9	Module 1	9. Explain the Job's method of determination of composition of a complex.	CO1	Level 2
10	Module 2	10. What is EAN ? Calculate the EAN for $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]$ and $[\text{Fe}_6]^{3-}$	CO1	Level 1
11	Module 3	11. Describe the acid hydrolysis of octahedral complexes.	CO2	Level 2
12	Module 4	12. Define Hardy Schulze rule and Gold number	CO4	Level 1
13	Module 2	13. Show how the molecular formula of a compound is determined based on its Mass spectrum? (L1)	CO3	Level 1
14	Module 3	14. Discuss the quantum yield for the photochemical combination of H_2 & Cl_2 to form HCl	CO4	Level 5

SEMESTER - VI

FOOD & DAIRY MICROBIOLOGY

1. Course Description:

Programme: B.Sc.
Course Code: U24/MIC/DSE/602
Course Type: DSE
No. of credits:4

Max. Hours:60
Hours per week:4
Max. Marks:100

2. Course Objectives:

- To help students understand the current trends and concepts related to Microbiology of food and other dairy products.
- To give insights into various types of food borne diseases and their prevention.

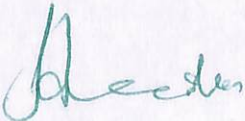
3. Course Outcomes:


CO1: Understand the significance and activities of microorganisms in food the role of Intrinsic and extrinsic factors on growth and survival of microorganisms and attain information on microbial food spoilage. (LII)

CO2: Understand the principles in traditional food preservation techniques including salting, pickling, refrigeration, freezing, oxidation, and canning/bottling and chemical preservation. (LII)

CO3: Analyze types of starter cultures like Lactic acid bacteria, fermented milk products, probiotics, SCP and Edible mushrooms. (LI V)

CO4: Understand the microbes causing food intoxications and food infections.(LII)


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4. Course Content:**MODULE I- INTRODUCTION TO FOOD AND DAIRY MICROBIOLOGY:** (15 Hrs)

Importance of studying food and dairy microbiology. Natural flora and Sources of contamination of foods in general. Classification of food in relation to shelf life, Microbial spoilage: principles, intrinsic and extrinsic factors that affect growth and survival of microbes in foods, Spoilage of vegetables, fruits, meat, eggs, canned foods.

MODULE II- PRINCIPLES AND METHODS OF FOOD PRESERVATION: (15 Hrs)

Principles, physical methods of food preservation: temperature, Pasteurization, types(canning, drying); High pressure and Irradiation.

Chemical methods of food preservation: salt, sugar, organic acids, SO₂ and antibiotics.

MODULE III-FERMENTED FOODS : (15 Hrs)

Microbiology of fermented milk - Starter lactic cultures,

fermented milk products: yogurt, butter and cheese,

other fermented foods: idly, bread.

Nutritional value of fermented foods.

Microorganisms as food: single cell protein, edible mushrooms.

Probiotics: definition and uses.

MODULE IV- FOOD BORNE DISEASES : (15 Hrs)

Definition of food poisoning, food infections and toxications.

Causative agents, foods involved, symptoms and preventive measures.

Food intoxications: *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Clostridium botulinum* and mycotoxins.

Food infections: *Bacillus cereus*, *Escherichia coli*, *Shigella*, *Listeria monocytogenes*.


5. References:

Text Books:

1. Frazier WC and West off DC. (1988) Food microbiology, TATA McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi.
2. Adams MR and Moss MO. (1995). Food Microbiology, The Royal Society of Chemistry, Cambridge.
3. Biotechnology by R.C.Dubey,S. Chand publishers.

Reference Books:

1. Adams MR and Moss MO. (1995). Food Microbiology, The Royal Society of Chemistry, Cambridge.
2. Alexander M. (1977) Introduction to soil microbiology. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York.
3. Andrews AT, Varley J. (1994) Biochemistry of milk products. Royal Society of Chemistry.
4. Banwart GJ. (1989), Basic food microbiology, Chapman & Hall, New York.
5. EcEldowney S, Hardman DJ, Waite DJ, Waite S. (1993). Pollution: Ecology and Biotreatment – Longman Scientific Technical.
6. Frazier WC and Westhoff DC. (1988) Food microbiology, TATA McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi.
7. Jay JM, Loessner MJ and Golden DA. (2005). Modern Food Microbiology. 7th edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, India.
8. Gopal Reddy et al, Laboratory experiments in Microbiology.
9. Prescott, Harley and Klein Wim. Microbiology, C.Brown Publishers.
10. R.C Dubey, D.K Maheshwari, Practical Microbiology, S Chand and Company, New Delhi.
11. Cappuccino, Sherman, Microbiology Laboratory Manual, Pearson Education.


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6. Syllabus Focus:**a) Relevance to Local , Regional , National and Global Development Needs**

Local /Regional/National /Global Development Needs	Relevance
Global Development needs	Explore global advancements in food and dairy microbiology for sustainable development and safety assurance.

b) Components on Skill Development/Entrepreneurship Development/Employability

SD/ED/EMP	Syllabus Content	Description of Activity
ED	Module III	Activity on different Fermented foods will be conducted in the class.

7. Pedagogy:

S. No	Student Centric Methods Adopted	Type / Description of Activity
1.	Field Trips	Experiential Learning
2.	Group Discussion	Participative Learning
3.	Science Experiments	Experimental Learning

8. Course Assessment Plan:**a) Weightage of Marks in Continuous Internal Assessments and End Semester Examination**

CO	Continuous Internal Assessments CIA - 40%	End Semester Examination-60%
CO1	CIA-1- Written Exam	Written Exam
CO2	CIA-1- Written Exam	
CO3	CIA-2 Presentation	
CO4	CIA 2- Assignment	

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b) MODEL QUESTION PAPER - END SEMESTER EXAM
FOOD & DAIRY MICROBIOLOGY

Course Code: U24/MIC/DSE/602

Credits:4

Max Marks: 60

Time: 2 Hrs

SECTION – A

Answer the following

4 x 10 = 40 M

1. Explain the natural flora and sources of contamination of foods in general.
OR
2. Explain in detail the intrinsic and extrinsic factors of microbial spoilage of food.
3. Describe in detail about the physical methods of food preservation.
OR
4. Evaluate the role of natural and synthetic antimicrobial compounds in preserving vegetables and preventing spoilage.
5. Describe the microbiology aspects of fermented milk and milk products.
OR
6. Summarize on distinguished nutritional values of fermented foods. Describe the microbiology aspects of fermented milk and milk products.
7. Define and add a detailed note about food intoxication with examples.
OR
8. List food borne infections and elaborate by stating examples.

SECTION – B

Answer any FOUR

4 x 5 = 20 M

9. Describe about Canned foods.
10. Explain Pasteurisation .
11. Explain about Probiotics.
12. Explain Symptoms and preventive measures of food poisoning.
13. Describe about Irradiation.
14. What are Mycotoxins?



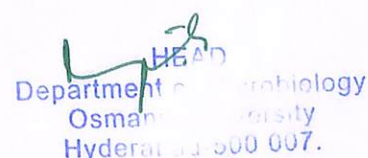
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SECTION A - INTERNAL CHOICE				4 Q X 10 M = 40 M
Question Number	Module	Question	CO	BTL(Blooms Taxonomy Level)
1	Module 1	Explain the natural flora and sources of contamination of foods in general.	CO 1	Level II
2	Module 1	Explain in detail the intrinsic and extrinsic factors of microbial spoilage of food	CO 1	Level II
3	Module 2	Describe in detail about the physical methods of food preservation	CO 2	Level I
4	Module 2	Evaluate the role of natural and synthetic antimicrobial compounds in preserving vegetables and preventing spoilage.	CO 2	Level V
5	Module 3	Describe the microbiology aspects of fermented milk and milk products.	CO 3	Level I
6	Module 3	Summarize on distinguished nutritional values of fermented foods. Describe the microbiology aspects of fermented milk and milk products.	CO 3	Level II
7	Module 4	Define and add a detailed note about food intoxication with examples.	CO 4	Level I
8	Module 4	List food borne infections and elaborate by stating examples.	CO 4	Level I
SECTION B - ANSWER ANY 4 OUT OF 6 (To compulsorily have ONE question from each module)				4 Q X 5 M = 20 M
9	Module 1	Describe about Canned foods	CO 1	Level I
10	Module 2	Explain Pasteurisation .	CO 2	Level II
11	Module 3	Explain about Probiotics.	CO 3	Level II
12	Module 4	Explain Symptoms and preventive measures of food poisoning.	CO 4	Level II
13	Module 2	Describe about Irradiation.	CO 2	Level I
14	Module 3	What are Mycotoxins?	CO 3	Level I,II



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SEMESTER – VI
FOOD & DAIRY MICROBIOLOGY–PRACTICAL

Course Description:

Course Code: U24/MIC/DSE/602/P
Course Type: DSE
No. of credits: 1

Max. Hours: 30
Hours per week: 2
Max. Marks: 50

Course Objectives:

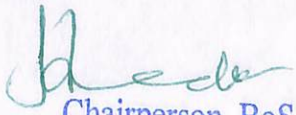
- This course will help student learn various methods of isolation, detection and identification of spoilage microorganisms in food.
- Understand the application of principle of effect of temperature on spoilage of food products.


Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Perform methods for isolation, detection and identification of microorganisms in milk.
- CO2:** Identify the spoilage microorganisms in fruits & vegetables, bread, mushrooms and analyze methods to control deterioration and spoilage.
- CO3:** Identify and analyze the microbes of canned foods.
- CO4:** Perform and analyze the effect of temperature on the spoilage of food products.

List of Practicals

1. MBRT of milk samples and their standard plate count.
2. Isolation of food borne bacteria from food products.
3. Isolation of food borne fungi from food products.
4. Isolation of spoilage microorganisms from bread.
5. Microbiological examination of canned foods.
6. Microbiological examination of mushrooms.
7. Isolation of spoilage bacteria from fruits and vegetables.
8. Effect of temperature on the spoilage of food products.
9. Milk testing by Resazurin dye.


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MODEL QUESTION PAPER - PRACTICAL**Subject Code: U24/MIC/DSE/602/P****Max.Marks:50****Credits: 1****Time: 2h****I. MAJOR****20M**

1. Identify and enumerate the morphological characters of the colony in the given plate where the sample is spread from the spoiled bread. Interpret the results by Gram staining.

II. MINOR**10M**

1. Grade the quality of the given milk samples by MBRT and interpret the results.

OR

2. Examine the canned food provided and interpret the results

III. Identify the given spots (A-E) and write few significant points

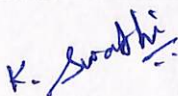
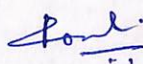
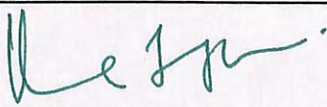
5x2=10M

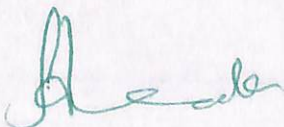
V. Record

5M

VI. Viva

5M

Prepared by Faculty	Checked & Verified by HoD	Approved by the Principal
 Ms. K.Swathi	 Dr.P. Roselin	 Dr.Uma Joseph


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SEMESTER – VI
IMMUNOLOGICAL TECHNIQUES

1. Course Description**Programme: B.Sc.****Course Code: U24/BIT/SEC/601****Course Type: SEC 4****No. of credits: 2****Max. Hours: 30****Hours per week: 2****Max. Marks: 50****2. Course Objectives:**

- To learn about the immune system and its role in recognizing and responding to antigens through antibody production.
- To develop expertise in studying the principles and methodologies of various immunoassay techniques

3. Course Outcomes

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO1: Remember, interpret, and use the basic concepts to have a comprehensive understanding of antigen-antibody interactions and their relevance in immunology (**REMEMBER, UNDERSTAND, APPLY**)

CO2: Define, summarize, use, and analyze the knowledge, skills, and competencies to understand immunoassays effectively in various scientific and biomedical sciences (**REMEMBER, UNDERSTAND, APPLY, ANALYSE**)



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4. Course Content:**MODULE I: ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY REACTIONS****(15 HRS)**

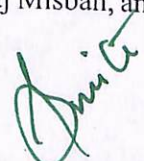
- Hemagglutination
- Antigen-Antibody precipitation (Ouchterlony Double Diffusion)
- Radial immunodiffusion
- Rocket immunoelectrophoretic
- DOT ELISA

MODULE II: IMMUNOASSAY TESTS**(15 HRS)**

- Western blotting
- Widal test
- C Reactive protein test
- Pregnancy test

5. Reference Books:

1. Practical Immunology by Nicholas J. Stevens and Christine L. Tinckam
2. Experimental Immunology" by Ivan M. Roitt, Peter J. Delves, and Abdul K. Abbas
3. Basic Immunology: Functions and Disorders of the Immune System" by Abul K. Abbas, Andrew H. Lichtman, and Shiv Pillai
4. Immunological Methods" by Ivan Lefkovits and Benjamin Pernis
5. Manual of Molecular and Clinical Laboratory Immunology" by Barbara Detrick, Robert G. Hamilton, and John L. Schmitz
6. Handbook of Practical Immunohistochemistry: Frequently Asked Questions" by Peter J. T. Verstappen
7. Methods in Molecular Biology: Immunocytochemical Methods and Protocols" edited by Lorette C. Javois
8. Manual of Clinical Immunology" by N. R. Rose, H. G. Herskowitz, and C. S. R. R. Detrick
9. Flow Cytometry Protocols" edited by Teresa S. Hawley and Robert G. Hawley
10. Essentials of Clinical Immunology" by Helen Chapel, Mansel Haeney, Siraj Misbah, and Neil Snowden



6. Syllabus Focus

a) Relevance to Local, Regional, National and Global Development Needs

Local /Regional/National /Global Development Needs	Relevance
Global (Module 1,2)	The curriculum for Immuno-techniques has applications in medical diagnostics and vaccine development. It also has broad applicability and global relevance across diverse fields, including healthcare, research, and environmental science, contributing significantly to advancements in science, medicine, and public health worldwide

b) Components on Skill Development/Entrepreneurship Development/Employability

SD/ED/EMP	Syllabus Content	Description of Activity
Skill Development	Exploring mechanisms of antigen-antibody interactions	Students gain theoretical and practical knowledge of antigen antibody interactions through hands on training.
Employability	Performing tests related to immunoassays	Students acquire knowledge on immunoassay techniques which make them employable in healthcare sectors.



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7. Course Assessment Plan**a) Weightage of Marks in Formative and Summative Assessments**

Formative Assessment - FA (40%)	Summative Assessment - SA (60%)
CIA-20 marks Mini project/ Problem solving/Case studies/ Written test	End Semester exam-30 Marks



b) Question Paper Pattern

EXTERNAL- MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Course Code: U24/BIT/SEC/601

Max Time: 1 Hr

Credits: 2

Max. Marks: 30

I. Major

(15M)

Discuss in detail about Rocket immuno-electrophoresis technique. Perform the experiment and report the results.

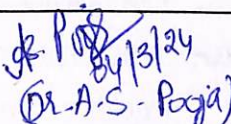


II. Minor/ Spotters

(10M)

Perform pregnancy test and report the result/ Identify the given spotters

III. Record

(5M)

Prepared by	Checked & verified by	Approved by
 24/3/24 (Dr. A.S. Pogia) Name and Signature of the teaching faculty	 4/3/24 (Ms. Shouni Niveditha) Name and Signature of HoD	 Name and Signature of Principal



SEMESTER –VI
SEC-IV MATERIAL SCIENCE AND CATALYSIS

1. Course Description

Programme: B.Sc.
Course Code: U24/CHE/SEC/601
2 Type of course: SEC
No. of credits: 2

Max. Hours: 30
Hours per week:
Max. Marks: 50

2. Course Objectives:


- To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of catalysis at nanoscale with a focus on the unique properties.
- To equip students with application of catalysts including both homogeneous and heterogeneous types and their role in chemical processes and industries.

3. Course Outcome:

CO 1: Gain foundation in the principles of catalysis and apply at nanoscale.

CO 2: Identify and explain the mechanisms of catalytic reactions including the role of active sites and reaction pathways.

This SEC paper will help students to enhance their overall skills.


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4. Course Content:

Module I: NANOMATERIALS AS CATALYSTS

15 Hrs

Introduction: Nanocatalyst-A New Fangled material in the Catalytic World, Challenges to Nanocatalysts, Types of Nanocatalysis. Types of Nanocatalysts, Metal Nanoparticles as Catalysts, Metal Oxide Nanoparticles as Catalysts.

Carbon Family Nanomaterials as Nanocatalyst, other Nanomaterials as Nanocatalysts, Size and Shape, Effect of Nanoparticles on Catalytic Activity, Mechanism of Nanocatalysis

Green Nanocatalysis, Nanocatalysis and the Prospects of Green Chemistry, Some Examples of Nano Catalytic Green Reactions, Recoverability and Recycling of Nanocatalysts.

Applications of Nanocatalysts, nanocatalysts and multicomponent reactions. The concept of nanoreactor photocatalysis.

Module II: CATALYSIS

15 Hrs

Introduction: Definition of a catalyst and catalysis. Homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis- Comparison of homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis with specific examples. General characteristics of catalytic reactions.

Acid-base catalysis- Examples of acid and base catalysed reactions- Hydrolysis of esters and Aldol condensation. Kinetics of acid catalysed reactions. Specific acid and general acid catalysis, Specific base and general base catalysis. Effect of pH on reaction rate of acid and base catalysed reactions.

Phase transfer catalysis: Principle of phase transfer catalysis, classification of phase transfer catalysts. Factors influencing the rate of PTC reactions.

Enzyme catalysis, Characteristics of enzyme catalysis, Examples: (i) Invertase in inversion of cane sugar (ii) Maltase in conversion of maltose to glucose (iii) Urease in decomposition of urea and (iv) Zymase in conversion of glucose to ethanol. Factors affecting enzyme catalysis. Effect of temperature, pH, concentration and inhibitor on enzyme catalysed reactions. Michaelis Menten equation.

5. References:

- T. Pradeep *Nano: The Essentials*, McGraw-Hill Education.
- CNR Rao et.al. *Chemistry of nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and applications*, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA.
- William D. Callister, Jr. John Wiley & Sons Materials Science and Engineering An Introduction.
- Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices by Sulabha K. Kulkarni
- Principles of Physical Chemistry by Puri, Sharma and Pathania, 2017.
- Text Book of Physical Chemistry P.L Soni, O.P Dharmaha, U.N Dash.
- Physical Chemistry by Atkins and De Paula, 8 th Edn.

8. Course Assessment Plan


a) Weightage of Marks in Continuous Internal Assessments and End Semester Examination

CO	Continuous Internal Assessments CIA - 40%	End Semester Examination-60%
CO1	CIA1- Assignment	Written Exam
CO2	CIA2- Skill test	

9.

a) Weightage of Marks in Formative and Summative Assessments

Formative Assessment - FA (40%)	Summative Assessment - SA (60%)
CIA-20 marks	End Semester exam-30 Marks


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6. Syllabus Focus

a) Relevance to Local , Regional , National and Global Development Needs

Local /Regional/National /Global Development Needs	Relevance
Local and regional	Products made from nanomaterials and their roles in human life.
National and global	Catalysts commonly used in industry/research for the synthesis of numerous compounds.

7. Components on Skill Development/Entrepreneurship Development/Employability

SD/ED/EMP	Syllabus Content	Description of Activity
SD	All	Current progress on the application of nanomaterials synthesized using Nano catalysts.
ED	All	Gives us an insight of fundamentals of catalysts and its development in the production process.
EMP	All	Research and knowledge helps in designing nanomaterials, which are all important skills for working in biotechnology, pharmaceuticals, and advanced materials.


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b) Question Paper Pattern

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UNIVERSITY) CHEMISTRY**

Model Paper

B.Sc. III - Semester VI

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE

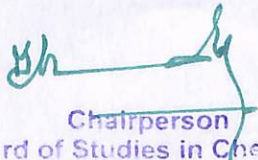
MATERIAL SCIENCES AND CATALYSIS

Course Code: U24/CHE/SEC/601

Time: 1 Hr

Max. Marks: 30

SECTION A - Answer any six questions 6 x 5 = 30 Marks				
Question Number	MODULE	Question	CO	BTL
1	Module 1	What are the different Types of Nanocatalysis?	CO 1	(Level IV)
2	Module 1	Explain the Mechanism of Nanocatalysis.	CO 1	(Level II)
3	Module 1	Write a note on Prospects of Nanocatalysis in Green Chemistry with examples.	CO 1	(Level I)
4	Module 1	Explain any 4 applications of Nanocatalysis.	CO 1	(Level I)
5	Module 2	Define catalysis. Give the characteristics of catalysis.	CO 2	(Level I)
6	Module 2	Derive Michaelis - Menten Equation.	CO 2	(Level IV)
7	Module 2	Discuss the principle of Phase transfer Catalysis.	CO 2	(Level II)
8	Module 2	Explain the kinetics of Acid-catalyzed reactions.	CO 2	(Level IV)


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SEMESTER - VI
MEDICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

1. Course Description**Programme: BSc****Course Code: U24/BIT/DSE/601****Course Type: DSE-IIA****No. of credits: 4****Max. Hours:60****Hours per week: 4****Max. Marks: 100****2. Course Objectives**

- To interpret and apply the knowledge in diagnosis of various common inherited human diseases.
- To assess the role of various modern biotechnological approaches for a therapeutic strategy in regenerative medicine and pharmacogenomics.

3. Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO1: Identify and explain the process of gene therapy as a therapeutic approach towards regenerative medicine and assess the molecular markers in prognosis of the disease.

(REMEMBER, UNDERSTAND, EVALUATE)

CO2: Summarize and analyze the consequences of structural and numerical chromosomal aberrations in the development of genetic disorders and implement various prenatal tests in diagnosis. **(UNDERSTAND, APPLY, ANALYZE)**

CO3: Summarize, adapt, and assess human genome project and various DNA sequencing techniques. **(UNDERSTAND, APPLY, EVALUATE)**

CO4: Describe, demonstrate high throughput analysis of gene functions by microarray, immune techniques, and device methods to silence genes by antisense therapy. **(UNDERSTAND, APPLY, CREATE)**



4. Course Content

MODULE I: INTRODUCTION TO MEDICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY AND THERAPEUTIC APPROACHES FOR HUMAN DISEASES **(16Hrs)**

- Introduction and scope of medical biotechnology: Applications of medical biotechnology in the field of pharmacology, stem cell, tissue engineering, gene therapy
- Gene therapy– background, types of gene therapy-somatic and germ cell gene therapy, augmentation therapy, ex vivo & in vivo gene therapy.
- Vectors in gene therapy-retrovirus, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus vector system
- Non-viral systems-human artificial chromosome, lipoplexes, pure DNA construct, DNA molecular conjugates.
- Gene therapy for SCID, AIDS, cancer, familial hypercholesterolemia, lesch-nyhan syndrome, hemophilia.
- Clinical research-trials, phases, patient recruitment and participation, outcome, legal and ethical issues.
- SNP's: DNA based drugs (pharmacogenomics), difference in drug response, single nucleotide polymorphism, CYP2D6 Gene, KRAS gene, TPMT Gene polymorphisms.
- Molecular markers- RFLP, RAPD, STRs and their applications

MODULE II: GENETIC DISORDERS AND GENETIC COUNSELLING **(16Hrs)**

- Human cytogenetic- chromosome structure, preparing a Karyotype
- Chromosome banding: G, R, C, Q, T banding techniques, FISH
- Genetic disorders: numerical and structural aberrations
- Autosomal and Sex-linked disorders: Cystic Fibrosis, Tay Sachs, Klinefelter's, hemophilia, Turner's syndrome.
- Mitochondrial diseases: LHON, MERRF
- Prenatal testing & significance: Ultrasonography, Amniocentesis, Chorionic villus sampling
- Fetal blood cells in maternal blood, maternal serum alpha-fetoprotein, maternal serum beta-HCG.
- Genetic counseling: Role of genetic counselor, pedigree analysis, modes of inheritance and its importance.




MODULE III: HUMAN GENOME ANALYSIS**(14Hrs)**

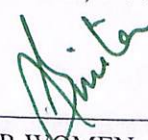
- Human Genome Project (HGP) – an overview of the project, goals of the project, major scientific strategies & approaches used in HGP.
- About the organizations behind this project, major highlights of human genome, genes present in human genome, genome of some other organisms sequenced.
- Expected scientific & medical benefits of this project.
- DNA sequencing - Maxam and Gilberts-sequencing method and limitations.
- Sanger's dideoxy sequencing-sequencing method, benefits and limitations.
- Alternate methods of DNA Sequencing- pyrosequencing.

MODULE IV: DNA TECHNOLOGY AND APPLICATIONS**(14Hrs)**

- High throughput analysis of gene function-DNA chips/DNA microarrays technique, application, and future of DNA chips.
- Antisense therapy- antisense oligonucleotides as therapeutic agents, RNA interference, application in slow ripening of tomato, antisense therapy for cancer and AIDS.
- Gene knock out technique-Loss of function of gene, applications.
- Immuno-techniques: Immuno florescence, Immunohisto-chemistry, RIA, ELISA (HIV)

5. Reference books

1. Peter D. Turnpenny and Ellard S.(2007). *Elements of Medical Genetics*, Philadelphia: Elsevier
2. Glick, B. R. and Pasternak. (2002). *Molecular Biotechnology: Principle and applications of recombinant DNA*: ASM Press.
3. Ramasamy, P.(2002). *Trends in Biotechnology*, University of Madras: Pearl press.
4. Trevan. (2001). *Biotechnology*: Tata McGraw-Hill.
5. Jogdand, S. N. (2000). *Medical Biotechnology*: Mumbai. Himalaya Publishing house,.
6. Jenkins, N (Ed) (1999). *Animal cell biotechnology: Methods and Protocols*, New Jersey: Humana press.



6. Syllabus Focus

a) Relevance to Local, Regional, National and Global Development Needs

Local /Regional/National /Global Development Needs	Relevance
Global (Modules 1,3, & 4)	Medical biotechnology is essential for meeting the needs of global healthcare development because it fosters innovation, expands access to care, and addresses major genetic diseases in humans.
National (Module 2)	Planning for public health, developing the economy, improving healthcare, and advancing ethics are all benefited by genetic counselling and testing leading to long-term advantages to national healthcare systems.

b) Components on Skill Development/Entrepreneurship Development/Employability

SD/ED/EMP	Syllabus Content	Description of Activity
Skill development	Module 1	Case studies on Clinical trials and gene therapy techniques
Employability	Module 2	Role plays as genetic counsellor and a medical practitioner, assessing various genetic counselling cases
Entrepreneurship development	Modules 3 & 4	Visit to reputed biotech labs/companies to understand various biotechnological tools and equipment used in health care and medicine.

7. Pedagogy

S. No	Student Centric Methods Adopted	Type/Description of Activity
1.	Participative Learning	Seminar
2.	Participative Learning	Presentation
3.	Experiential Learning	Science experiments
4.	Participative Learning	Group Discussion
5.	Experiential Learning	Research Projects
6.	Experiential Learning	Internship opportunities
7.	Problem Solving	Case Studies

8. Course Assessment Plan

a) Weightage of Marks in Continuous Internal Assessments and End Semester Examination

CO	Continuous Internal Assessments - CIA (40%)	End Semester Examination - (60%)
CO1	CIA-1 Written Exam	Written Exam
CO2	CIA-1 Assignment/Case study/Group discussion/Case study	
CO3	CIA-2 Written Exam	
CO4	CIA-2 Assignment/Presentation	



b) Model Question Paper- End Semester Exam

MODEL QUESTION PAPER- THEORY

Course Code: U20/BIT/DSE/601
Credits: 4

Max Marks: 60
Time: 2 Hrs

SECTION – A

I. Answer the following

4 x 10 = 40 M

1. How can you explain the method of Gene therapy with suitable examples.
OR

2. How can you assess the importance of RAPD as molecular marker in plant forensic
3. How would you use various chromosome banding techniques in studying the structure of chromosome.
OR

4. How can you identify chromosomal anomalies by prenatal diagnosis. Add a note on its advantages and limitations

5. How would you summarise the human genome project. Outline its main objectives and outcome.
OR

6. How would you use Sanger's method of DNA sequencing. Write its applications and limitations

7. How would you study gene expression by DNA microarray Technology? Add a note on its applications.
OR

8. How can you elaborate on antisense RNA therapy? Explain its importance in slow ripening of fruits.

SECTION – B

II. Answer any four of the following

4 x 5 = 20 M

9. Define SNP's and its role in disease diagnosis.
10. How would you describe the stages in Clinical trials?
11. What approach would you use in Genetic Counselling?
12. How would you apply Pyrosequencing to study DNA sequence.
13. How could you modify gene expression by Gene Knock out technique
14. How would you use ELISA as a diagnostic tool.



SEMESTER-END MODEL QUESTION PAPER

SECTION A - INTERNAL CHOICE 4 Q X 10 M = 40 M				
Question Number	Question	Question	CO	BTL(Blooms Taxonomy Level)
1	Module 1	How can you explain the method of Gene therapy with suitable examples.	CO 1	II
2	Module 1	How can you assess the importance of RAPD as molecular marker in plant forensic	CO 1	V
3	Module 2	How would you use various chromosome banding techniques in studying the structure of chromosome	CO 2	III
4	Module 2	How would you use various chromosome banding techniques in studying the structure of chromosome	CO 2	IV
5	Module 3	How would you summarize the human genome project. Outline its main objectives and outcome.	CO 3	II
6	Module 3	How would you use Sanger's method of DNA sequencing. Write its applications and limitations	CO 3	III
7	Module 4	How would you study gene expression by DNA microarray Technology? Add a note on its applications	CO 4	III




8	Module 4	How can you elaborate on antisense RNA therapy? Explain its importance in slow ripening of fruits.	CO 4	VI
<p align="center">SECTION B - ANSWER ANY 4 OUT OF 6 4Q X 5 M = 20 M (To compulsorily have ONE question from each module)</p>				
9	Module 1	Define SNP's and its role in disease diagnosis	CO 1	I
10	Module 2	How would you describe the stages in Clinical trials?	CO 2	II
11	Module 2	What approach would you use in Genetic Counselling	CO 2	III
12	Module 3	How would you apply Pyrosequencing to study DNA sequence.	CO 3	III
13	Module 4	How could you modify gene expression by Gene Knock out technique	CO 4	VI
14	Module 4	How would you use ELISA as a diagnostic tool	CO 4	III




SEMESTER-VI
MEDICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY- PRACTICAL

1. Course description**Programme: B.Sc****Course Code: U24/BIT/DSE/601/P****Course Type: DSE-IIA****No. of credits: 1****Max. Hours: 30****Hours per week:2****Max. Marks: 50****2. Course Objective:**

- To illustrate, analyze and compare various karyograms and interpret pedigree charts of genetic disorders.

3. Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO1: To interpret and apply basic skills in the construction of karyogram for human chromosome sets. (**UNDERSTAND, APPLY**)

CO2: To describe, analyze and assess inheritance patterns by constructing pedigrees and determining clotting & bleeding time (**UNDERSTAND, ANALYZE, EVALUATE**)



PRACTICAL SESSIONS

1. PTC testing to prove monogenic inheritance.
2. Preparation of karyogram /ideogram for normal male, female, Down's syndrome, Klienfelter's, Turners and Edwards syndrome.
3. Determination of bleeding and clotting time.
4. Pedigree analysis for genetic disorders-preparation of pedigree charts for tongue rolling, ear six lobes, blood groups, colour blindness.
5. Genetic counseling- case studies.
6. RAPD analysis
7. RFLP analysis
8. Comet assay

Spotters:

1. Identify the karyotype (Down's syndrome)
2. Identify the karyotype (Klinefelter syndrome)
3. Chromosomal banding technique
4. Identify the inheritance pattern of pedigree (autosomal disorder)
5. Identify the inheritance pattern of pedigree (allosomal disorder)
6. Prenatal diagnosis- invasive technique
7. Prenatal diagnosis- non-invasive technique
8. Identify the type of gene therapy- ex vivo or in vivo
9. ELISA technique
10. Identify the SNP genotypes of different samples after performing PCR-RFLP
11. Count the viable cells on Neubauer chamber (hemocytometer)



SEMESTER-VI

MEDICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY- PRACTICAL

Course Code: U24/BIT/DSE/601/P

Max. Marks: 50

Credit: 1

Time: 2Hrs


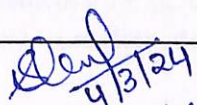

I. MAJOR: (20M)

Determine the Bleeding and Clotting time of the given blood sample. Write the principle and procedure. Report the results

II. MINOR: (10M)

Deduce the given problems on pedigree analysis

III. IDENTIFY THE GIVEN SPOTTERS: (10M)**IV. VIVA** (5M)**V. RECORD** (5M)

Prepared by	Checked & verified by	Approved by
 4/3/24 (V. Deepa Switha) Name and Signature of the teaching faculty	 4/3/24 (Ms. Shouni Niveditha) Name and Signature of HoD	 Name and Signature of Principal



St. FRANCIS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, BEGUMPET, HYDERABAD-500016

(An Autonomous College Affiliated To Osmania University)

FACULTY OF SCIENCE- DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

THEORY SYLLABUS CBCS-2024

SEMESTER -VI

POLYMER CHEMISTRY

1. Course Description

Program: B.Sc. Max.

Course Code: U24/CHE/DSE/602

Course: DSE- 4

No. of Credits: 4

Hours: 60 Hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Hours per week: 4 Hrs

2. Course Objectives

- To familiarize the students with the mechanism of polymerization and determination of their molecular mass.
- To introduce different levels of polymer structures and significance of Tg and Tm.
- To learn about different types of polymers.
- To understand the factors that influence the degradation of polymers.


3. Course Outcomes

CO 1: Understand the different mechanisms of polymerization and methods of their molecular weight determination.

CO 2: Apply the knowledge of polymer structure to Tg and Tm.

CO3: Understand synthesis, properties and applications of rubbers and plastics.

CO 4: Develop fundamental knowledge of fibers, biodegradable polymers and polymer degradation.


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POLYMER CHEMISTRY**4. Course Syllabus****Module 1: Polymerisation****15****Hrs**

Introduction to Polymers, Classification of polymers based on structure, chemistry of polymerisation, addition polymerisation, copolymerisation, condensation polymerisation, coordination polymerisation, Ziegler-Natta catalyst, Kinetics of polymerization - Free radical chain polymerization, Cationic polymerization, Anionic polymerization.

Degree of polymerisation, physical properties, weight average number average molecular weight. Experimental methods of molecular weight determination- End group analysis, Viscometry and Light scattering.

Module 2: Crystallinity and Glass transition temperature**15 Hrs**

Determination of crystalline melting point and degree of crystallinity. Factors affecting crystalline melting point. Effect of crystallinity on properties of polymers. Helix structures, Spherulites, Polymer single crystals. Glass Transition temperature (T_g). Factors affecting glass transition temperature. Importance of Glass Transition temperature, T_g and molecular weight, T_g and plasticisers, T_g and copolymers, T_g and melting point. Heat distortion temperature.

Module 3: Rubbers and Plastics**15 Hrs**

Natural rubbers, drawbacks of natural rubber, vulcanization, rubber compounding, foamed rubbers, gutta-percha rubber, properties and applications of synthetic rubbers- poly isoprene, poly buta- diene, poly styrene butadiene, neoprene rubbers, nitrile rubbers, polysulfide rubbers.

Thermosetting and thermoplastics. Thermoplastics: poly olefins, poly styrene, PVC, teflon, their preparation, structure and applications. Thermosetting plastics: phenolic resins, amino resins, polyester resins, epoxy resins - preparation, structure and applications. Laminates and fabrication of plastics. Types and properties of Silicones and Adhesives.

Module 4: Fibers, biodegradable polymers and Polymer degradation**15 Hrs**

Natural and synthetic fibers, study of synthetic fibers- polyamides, poly esters, poly acrylates.

Biodegradable Polymers: Introduction, biodegradation mechanism and properties of starch based polymers, polyesters, water soluble polymers. Environmental impacts. Applications of biodegradable polymers in agriculture, medicine and food packaging industry.

Polymer degradation: Types of degradation- thermal degradation, mechanical degradation, Photo degradation. Oxidative degradation and Hydrolytic degradation.


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5. References

1. Vasant R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan, Jayadev Sreedhar, *Polymer science*, New Age International, 1986.
2. Vermani.O.P. Narula.A.K. (2004), *Industrial Chemistry*, New Delhi, Galgotia Publications Pvt Ltd.
3. Gopalan.R, Venkappayya & Nagarajan.S, (2005), *Textbook of Engineering Chemistry* (3rd edition) New Delhi,Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
4. Jain and Jain , *Engineering chemistry* Dhanpat Raj Publishing company
5. Principles of Physical Chemistry by Puri, Sharma and Pathania, 2017.
6. Text Book of Physical Chemistry P.L Soni, O.P Dharmaha, U.N Dash.
7. Physical Chemistry by Atkins and De Paula, 8 th Edn.
8. Chatwal. R.G., (2006) Chemistry and Industry, New Delhi, Himalaya Publishing House.

6. Syllabus Focus

a) Relevance to Local , Regional , National and Global Development Needs

Local /Regional/National/ Global Development Needs	Relevance
Local	Products made from polymers and its unforgettable roles in human life.
Regional	Polymers are commonly being used in catalytic applications as supports for compounds.
National	Polymers are crucial due to their versatility, cost-effectiveness and wide applications in various industries.



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b) Components on Skill Development/Entrepreneurship Development/Employability

SD/ED/EMP (Mention any ONE of the above at a time)	Syllabus Content (Mention Module No. or part content applicable)	Description of Activity (Activity that will be conducted in class to support the focus of SD/ED/EMP in the syllabus content)
SD	All	Advancement of polymers processing techniques of exciting possibilities for creating novel polymer based elements and devices.
ED	All	Give us an insight of fundamentals of polymer business and its development in the production process.
EMP	All	Research and knowledge helps in designing machinery procurement.

7. Pedagogy

S. No	Student Centric Methods Adopted	Type / Description of Activity
1.	Experiential Learning	Field Trip
2.	Participative Learning	Presentations
3.	Problem solving	Case studies


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8. Course Assessment Plan

a) Weightage of Marks in Continuous Internal Assessments and End Semester Examination

CO	Continuous Internal Assessments CIA - 40%	End Semester Examination-60%
CO1	CIA1-Written Exam	Written Exam
CO2	CIA1-Written Exam	
CO3	CIA2- Role Play	Written Exam
CO4	CIA2- Group Survey	

b. Model Question Paper - End Semester Exam

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Faculty of Science – Department of Chemistry

B.Sc. III YEAR SEMESTER -VI

POLYMER CHEMISTRY

TIME: 2hrs

Course Code: U24/CHE/DSE/602

Max. Marks: 60

SECTION A - INTERNAL CHOICE 4 X 10 M = 40M

Question Number	Question		CO	BTL
1	Module 1	Outline the mechanism of free-radical addition polymerization and Coordination polymerization. 10M OR	CO 1	(Level I)
2	Module 1	What is the average molecular weight? How is it determined by viscometry? 10M	CO 1	(Level I)
3	Module 2	a) Define crystalline melting point and discuss the factors affecting crystalline melting point. 5 M b) How does the crystalline melting point affect the properties of polymers? 5 M	CO 2	(Level III)

		OR		
4	Module 2	a) What is Glass Transition temperature (T_g). Explain the factors affecting glass transition temperature. 5M b) Describe the relationship between T_g and molecular weight. 5M	CO 2	(Level I)
5	Module 3	a) Why does natural rubber require vulcanisation and how is it done? 5 M b) Write the preparation, properties and applications of poly isoprene and poly styrene butadiene rubbers. 5 M	CO 3	(Level II)
		OR		

6	Module 3	a) Differentiate between thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics. 5 M b) Discuss the synthesis, properties and applications of PVC and phenolic resins. 5 M	CO 3	(Level I)
7	Module 4	Explain the synthesis, properties and applications of polyamides and polyesters. 10 M	CO 4	(Level II)
		OR		
8	Module 4	What are biodegradable polymers? Explain the biodegradation mechanism of starch based and water soluble polymers. 10 M	CO 4	(Level I)
SECTION B - ANSWER ANY 4 OUT OF 6			4 X 5 M = 20 M	
9	Module 2	Write short notes on helix structures and polymer single crystals.	CO 1	(Level I)
10	Module 1	How are the polymers classified based on their structure? Give suitable examples.	CO 1	(Level I)
11	Module 3	Discuss briefly about fabrication of plastics.	CO 2	(Level II)
12	Module 1	What is copolymerisation? Give the classification of copolymers.	CO 2	(Level II)
13	Module 3	Explain the applications of biodegradable plastics.	CO 3	(Level II)
14	Module 4	Write about thermal and photodegradation of polymers.	CO 4	(Level II)

SEMESTER - VI
QUALITY SUSTENANCE IN INDUSTRY

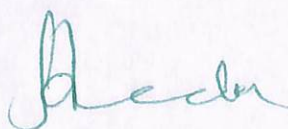
1. Course Description:**Programme: B.Sc.****Course Code: U24/MIC/SEC/601****Course Type: SEC****No. of credits:2****Max. Hours:30****Hours per week:2****Max. Marks: 50****2. Course Objectives:**

- To gain concepts in QC and QA for food processing and validation of processed food products.
- To Gain knowledge about aseptic operation, containment levels, biosafety, GMP, HACCP in foods, cosmetics and pharmaceuticals.

3. Course Outcomes:

CO1: Understand the importance of Aseptic Operation, containment and assessment of aseptic conditions. Interpretation of the quality of air, water and milk.

CO 2: Evaluate Qualitative risk analysis of food products, cosmetics, pharmaceutical products, and textiles. Document, preparation for QC/QA norms.



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4. Course Content:**MODULE I- Basic Concepts of QA QC- Aseptic Operation & Containment:** (15 hrs)

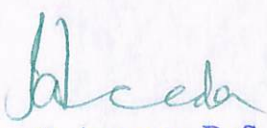
Aseptic Operation and Containment. Laboratory, assessment of aseptic condition, evaluation of possible channels of contamination (air sampling). Water analysis by MPN method. Estimation of Calcium concentration in milk sample by titrimetric. Estimation of fat in milk by Babcock's method. Detection of adulterants in milk.


MODULE II- GMP & HACCP in Industry : (15 hrs)

Good Manufacturing Practices and Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points (HACCP) in foods, cosmetics Chemical testing for cosmetics. Qualitative risk analysis of food products (adulterant analysis). Chemical testing for pharmaceutical products. Textiles Quality Control Standards and Testing Procedures. Document preparation for QC/QA norms of different sectors.

5. Resources:**Text books:**


1. Peter F. Stanbury, Allan Whitaker and Stephen J. Hall Principles of Fermentation Technology, Second Edition, Pergamon.
2. James P. Agalloco, Frederick J. Carleton, Validation of Pharmaceutical Processes, Third Edition, CRC press.
3. Kenneth E. Avis, Carmen M. Wagner, Vincent L. Wu, (1998), Biotechnology: Quality Assurance and Validation by CRC Press.
4. Quality assurance of pharmaceuticals (2006), A compendium of guidelines and related materials Volume 2, 2nd updated edition Good manufacturing practices and inspection.
5. Stephanie Clark, Stephanie Jung, Buddhi Lamsal, Food Processing: Principles and Applications, 2nd Edition, Wiley publishers.


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Reference Books:

1. Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance, MA Potdar, NiraliPrakashan, Pune
2. Validation of Pharmaceutical process, F. J. Carleton and J. Agalloco, Marcel Dekker Inc.
3. Pharmaceutical Process Validation, Second Ed., Ira R. Ferry & Robert Nash., Marcel Dekker Inc.
4. Quality Planning & Analysis by J. M. Juran and F. M. Gryna, Tata Mcgraw Hill, India.
5. Improving Quality through Planned experimentation by Moen, Tata Mcgraw Hill.
6. Good Manufacturing Practices for Pharmaceutical; A Plan for total Quality Control, 4 th Ed, Sidney willing.
7. Quality Assurance Guide by Organization of Pharmaceutical producers of India. 8. Pharmaceutical Process Validation; By F. R., Berory and Robert A. Nash 9. Impurities Evaluation of Pharmaceutical; Satinder Ahiya Marcel Decker.
8. Quality Control of Packaging material in the Pharmaceutical Industry: Kenneth Harburn, Marcel Dekker.
9. Juran's Quality Control Handbook J.M. Jupron.4th Ed. Good design practices for GMP Pharmaceutical facilities. Andrew A Signature, Marcel Dekker.
10. cGMP for Pharmaceuticals. Pharma. Med. Press, 1st edition by Manohar H. Potdar
11. Methods in Food Analysis by Rui M. S. Cruz, Igor Khmelinskii, Margarida Vieira.
12. Fundamental Food Microbiology, Fifth Editionby Bibek Ray, Arun Bhunia.
13. Managing Food Safety Risks in the Agri-Food Industriesby Jan Mei Soon, Richard Baines.
14. Quality Control and Total Quality Management by by Jain P L Jain Tata McGraw-Hill Education publishers .
15. C. Rosamund M. Baird, Norman A. Hodges, Stephen P. Denyer,(2000),Handbook of Microbiological Quality Controlpharmaceuticals and Medical devices,CRC press.


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5. Syllabus Focus:

a) Relevance to Local , Regional , National and Global Development Needs

Local /Regional/National /Global Development Needs	Relevance
Global Development Needs	Exploring the concepts of HACCP, enhancing the skills related to Quality sustenance in Industry.


b) Components on Skill Development/Entrepreneurship Development/Employability

SD/ED/EMP	Syllabus Content	Description of Activity
EMP	Module II	One is equipped with knowledge related to maintaining and assessing quality. Identify and set critical control points for continuous assessment of quality in Industry.

6. Course Assessment Plan:

a) Weightage of Marks in Continuous Internal Assessments and End Semester Examination

Continuous Internal Assessments CIA - 20%	End Semester Examination-30%
CIA - Written Exam	Practical and written exam


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b) Model Question Paper

**QUALITY SUSTENANCE IN INDUSTRY
INTERNAL EXAM**

Max. Marks: 20

Time: 1 Hrs

I. Write a detailed note on HACCP followed in milk and milk products industry.

**QUALITY SUSTENANCE IN INDUSTRY
MODEL QUESTION PAPER- SEM END EXAM**

Course Code: U24/MIC/SEC/601

Max.Marks: 30

No. of credits: 2

Time: 1Hrs

I. Major

(8marks)

1. Estimate the concentration of calcium in the given sample by titrimetric method.

II. Minor

(5 marks)




2. Test the cosmetic provided for hazard metals and report the quality.

III. Comment on given specimens C, D and E

(3x4=12 marks)

IV. Viva / Record

(5 marks)

Prepared by Faculty	Checked and verified by HoD	Approved by the Principal
 Ms.K.Suman	 Dr. P.Roselin	 Dr.Uma Joseph